INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

JUNE 30, 2011

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
OFFICIALS	3
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	4-5
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS: Exhibit	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
A Statement of Net Assets	8-9
B Statement of Activities	10
Governmental Fund Financial Statements:	
C Balance Sheet	12-15
D Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Asso	
E Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	18-21
F Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	22
Balances – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	22
Proprietary Fund Financial Statements: G Statement of Net Assets	23
H Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets	23 24
I Statement of Cash Flows	25
Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements:	23
J Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds	26
Notes to Financial Statements	27-44
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Balances –	
Budget and Actual (Cash Basis) – All Governmental Funds	46
Budget to GAAP Reconciliation	47
Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Reporting	48
Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retiree Health Plan	49
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	
Schedule	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
1 Combining Balance Sheet	52-53
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Internal Service Funds:	54-55
3 Combining Schedule of Net Assets	56
4 Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets	57
5 Combining Schedule of Cash Flows	58
Agency Funds:	20
6 Combining Schedule of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	60-63
7 Combining Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	64-67
8 Schedule of Revenues by Source and Expenditures by Function – All Governmental	
Funds	68-69
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL	
REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF	
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT	
AUDITING STANDARDS	70-71
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS	72-75

# Officials

<u>Name</u>	<u>Title</u>	Term Expires				
(Before January 2011)						
Myron Manley Jack Cooley Donald Reasoner	Board of Supervisors Board of Supervisors Board of Supervisors	Jan. 2011 Jan. 2013 Jan. 2013				
Judy Church	County Auditor	Jan. 2013				
Debbie Lynn	County Treasurer	Jan. 2011				
Pennie Gonseth	County Recorder	Jan. 2011				
Bill Kerns	County Sheriff	Jan. 2013				
Ronald L. Wheeler	County Attorney	Jan. 2011				
Paul Winship	County Assessor	Jan. 2016				
	(After January 2011)					
Myron Manley Jack Cooley Donald Reasoner	Board of Supervisors Board of Supervisors Board of Supervisors	Jan. 2015 Jan. 2013 Jan. 2013				
Judy Church	County Auditor	Jan. 2013				
Debbie Lynn	County Treasurer	Jan. 2015				
Peggy Cummings	County Recorder	Jan. 2015				
Bill Kerns	County Sheriff	Jan. 2013				
Michelle Murphy Rivera	County Attorney	Jan. 2015				
Paul Winship	County Assessor	Jan. 2016				

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

#### To the Officials of Clarke County:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Clarke County, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Clarke County's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Clarke County at June 30, 2011 and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report March 23, 2012 on our consideration of Clarke County's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, and contracts. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Budgetary Comparison Information and Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retiree Health Plan on pages 46 through 49 are not required parts of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

The County has not presented Management's Discussion and Analysis, which introduces the basic financial statements by presenting certain financial information as well as management's analytical insights on that information, that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Clarke County's basic financial statements. We previously audited, in accordance with the standards referred to in the second paragraph of this report, the financial statements for the six years ended June 30, 2010 (which are not presented herein) and expressed unqualified opinions on those financial statements. Other supplementary information included in Schedules 1 through 8 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of County management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. This information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Oskaloosa, Iowa March 23, 2012 This page intentionally left blank

**Basic Financial Statements** 

## STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2011

Assets	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 2,795,426
Receivables:	
Property tax:	
Delinquent	35,798
Succeeding year	4,118,000
Interest and penalty on property tax	253,032
Accounts	102,924
Accrued interest	2,313
Due from other governments	262,572
Inventories	167,954
Prepaid expenses	113,150
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (note 4)	14,304,137
Total assets	22,155,306
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	265,955
Salaries and benefits payable	109,683
Due to other governments (note 5)	184,453
Accrued interest payable	39,915
Deferred revenue:	ŕ
Succeeding year property tax	4,118,000
Long-term liabilities (note 7):	, ,
Portion due or payable within one year:	
Bonds	14,000
Capital loan notes	245,000
Child care center revenue notes	7,143
Capital lease purchase agreements	119,010
Compensated absences	169,201
Portion due or payable after one year:	
Bonds	166,000
Capital loan notes	1,050,000
Child care center revenue notes	506,309
Capital lease purchase agreements	463,073
Net OPEB liability	30,410
Total liabilities	7,488,152

## STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2011

	Governmental Activities
Net Assets	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 12,076,443
Restricted for:	
Supplemental levy purposes	250,498
Mental health purposes	9,364
Rural services purposes	394,160
Secondary roads purposes	948,183
Debt service	40,297
Capital projects	16,300
Conservation purposes	195,789
Other purposes	80,920
Unrestricted	655,200_
Total net assets	\$ <u>14,667,154</u>

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2011

					Pr	ogram Revenues	s	
Functions/Programs	_	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants, Contributions and Restricted Interest	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
Governmental Activities:								
Public safety and legal services Physical health and social	\$	1,579,767	\$	295,903	\$	5,440 \$	- 5	(1,278,424)
services		1,065,717		375,687		290,518	-	(399,512)
Mental health		1,057,201		75		613,048	-	(444,078)
County environment and								
education		422,500		16,214		27,652	_	(378,634)
Roads and transportation		3,096,521		364,992		1,776,133	101,890	(853,506)
Government services to								
residents		378,571		150,111		25	-	(228,435)
Administration		896,051		102,323		1,800	-	(791,928)
Interest on long-term debt	_	86,258		-		31,532	-	(54,726)
Total	\$_	8,582,586	<b>\$</b>	1,305,305	\$	2,746,148	101,890	(4,429,243)
General Revenues:								
Property and other county tax levie	ed fo	r:						
General purposes								3,641,443
Debt service								157,876
Penalty and interest on property ta	x							60,136
State tax credits								153,321
Gaming tax								239,129
Unrestricted investment earnings								28,335
Miscellaneous								13,642
Total general revenues								4,293,882
Change in net assets								(135,361)
Net assets beginning of year								14,802,515
Net assets end of year							5	14,667,154

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# BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2011

			Special Revenue					
				Mental		Rural	Secondar	<u>у</u>
	_	General		Health		Services	Roads	_
Assets								
Cash and pooled investments	\$	830,279	\$	217,207	\$	443,925	825,46	3
Receivables:								
Property tax:								
Delinquent		24,339		4,167		5,841		-
Succeeding year		2,583,000		413,000		841,000		-
Interest and penalty on property tax		253,032		-		_		-
Accounts		64,603		-		756	3,79	2
Accrued interest		2,133		_		_		_
Due from other governments		126,146		-		_	136,42	26
Inventories		<u>-</u>		-		_	167,95	4
Prepaid expenses	_	85,783		-		-	27,36	57_
Total assets	\$_	3,969,315	\$_	634,374	\$_	1,291,522	1,161,00	2_

_	Nonmajor	Total
\$	375,614 \$	2,692,488
	1,451 281,000	35,798 4,118,000
	-	253,032
	145	69,296
	180	2,313
	-	262,572
	-	167,954
_	-	113,150
\$_	658,390 \$	7,714,603

# BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2011

				Special Revenue	
		_	Mental	Rural	Secondary
	_	General	Health	Services	Roads
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	62,867 \$	27,440	701 \$	106,103
Salaries and benefits payable		67,987	117	9,492	32,087
Due to other governments (note 5)		-	184,453	-	-
Deferred revenue:					
Succeeding year property tax		2,583,000	413,000	841,000	-
Other		277,371	4,167	5,841	-
Total liabilities	_	2,991,225	629,177	857,034	138,190
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable:					
Inventories		_	_	_	167,954
Prepaid expenses		85,783	_	_	27,367
Restricted for:					. ,
Supplemental levy purposes		171,492	_	37,917	_
Mental health purposes		, <u>-</u>	5,197	, -	_
SIRWA water grid project		_	´ -	62,500	_
Rural services purposes		_	_	334,071	_
Secondary roads purposes		_	_	, -	827,491
Debt service		_	_	_	_
Capital projects		_	_	_	_
Conservation purposes		73,679	_	-	-
Inmate room and board		71,996	_	_	_
Veterans memorial		192	_	_	_
Flowerbed maintenance		2,492	_	_	_
Other purposes		, -	_	_	_
Assigned for environmental education		26,919	_	_	_
Unassigned		545,537	_	-	_
Total fund balances	_	978,090	5,197	434,488	1,022,812
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	3,969,315 \$	634,374	5 1,291,522 \$	1,161,002

	Nonmajor	Total
Φ.	4.4 (0)	107.155
\$	44 \$	,
	-	109,683
	-	184,453
	281,000	4,118,000
	1,451	288,830
	282,495	4,898,121
•		
	-	167,954
	-	113,150
	-	209,409
	_	5,197
	_	62,500
	-	334,071
	-	827,491
	68,404	68,404
	179,141	179,141
	122,110	195,789
	-	71,996
	-	192
	-	2,492
	6,240	6,240
	-	26,919
_		545,537
	375,895	2,816,482
\$	658,390 \$	7,714,603
٠		

# RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2011

Total fund balances of governmental funds	\$	2,816,482
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds. The cost of assets is \$23,236,191 and the accumulated depreciation is \$8,932,054.		14,304,137
Other long-term assets are not available to pay current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds.		288,830
The Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of the County's health insurance and flexible benefits plans to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets.		67,766
Accrued interest payable on long-term liabilities is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported as a liability in the governmental funds.		(39,915)
Long-term liabilities, including notes and bonds payable, purchase agreements payable, compensated absences payable, and net OPEB liability, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds.	_	(2,770,146)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$_	14,667,154

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# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2011

Revenues:   Property and other County tax   \$2,634,791   \$410,576   \$839,476   \$1,878,023   \$1,878,023   \$1,878,023   \$1,878,023   \$1,878,023   \$1,878,023   \$1,878,023   \$1,878,023   \$1,878,023   \$1,878,023   \$1,878,023   \$1,878,023   \$1,878,023   \$1,039,838   \$1,243,033   \$1,878,023   \$1,039,838   \$1,243,033   \$1,039,838   \$1						$\mathbf{S}_{\mathbf{I}}$	ecial Revenue	
Revenues:					Mental		Rural	Secondary
Property and other County tax		_	General	_	Health		Services	Roads
Property and other County tax								
Interest and penalty on property tax		Φ.	0.624.501	Φ	410.556	Φ.	920 477 A	
Intergovernmental   874,501   629,187   37,348   1,878,023     Licenses and permits   4,275   - 2,970   880     Charges for service   271,269   - 300   130     Use of money and property   36,470       Miscellaneous   176,225   75   2,413   363,982     Total revenues   4,047,768   1,039,838   882,507   2,243,015      Expenditures:		\$		\$	410,576	\$	839,476 \$	-
Licenses and permits					- COO 105		-	1 050 000
Charges for service         271,269         -         300         130           Use of money and property         36,470         -         -         -           Miscellaneous         176,225         75         2,413         363,982           Total revenues         4,047,768         1,039,838         882,507         2,243,015           Expenditures:         Operating:         Public safety and legal services         1,245,005         -         251,399         -           Physical health and social services         987,117         -         -         -           Mental health         -         1,057,201         -         -         -           County environment and education         137,583         -         88,523         -         -           Roads and transportation         -         -         -         -         -         -           Government services to residents         364,413         -         -         -         -         -           Administration         850,472         -         -         -         -         -           Debt service         -         -         -         180,000         -           Total expenditures         3,584			•		629,187		•	
Use of money and property Miscellaneous         36,470   176,225   75   2,413   363,982           Total revenues         4,047,768   1,039,838   882,507   2,243,015           Expenditures:         Coperating:           Public safety and legal services         1,245,005   - 251,399   - 251	-		•		_			
Miscellaneous         176,225         75         2,413         363,982           Total revenues         4,047,768         1,039,838         882,507         2,243,015           Expenditures:         Operating:           Public safety and legal services         1,245,005         -         251,399         -           Physical health and social services         987,117         -         -         -           Mental health         -         1,057,201         -         -         -           County environment and education         137,583         -         88,523         -         -           Roads and transportation         -         -         -         2,544,789           Government services to residents         364,413         -         -         -         -           Administration         850,472         -         -         -         -         -           Debt service         -         -         -         180,000         -         -           Capital projects         -         -         180,000         -         -           Total expenditures         463,178         (17,363)         362,585         (301,774)           Other financi					-		300	130
Total revenues			•				-	-
Expenditures: Operating: Public safety and legal services 1,245,005 - 251,399 - Physical health and social services 987,117 Mental health - 1,057,201 County environment and education 137,583 - 88,523 - Roads and transportation 2,544,789 Government services to residents 364,413 2,544,789 Government services to residents 850,472 Capital projects 180,000 Capital projects 180,000 Total expenditures 3,584,590 1,057,201 519,922 2,544,789  Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 463,178 (17,363) 362,585 (301,774)  Other financing sources (uses): Interfund transfers in (note 3) 450,000 Interfund transfers out (note 3) 450,000 Interfund transfers out onto a 180,000 Execution of capital lease purchase agreements 286,244 General obligation capital loan notes issued 286,244 General obligation capital loan notes issued		_						
Operating:         Public safety and legal services         1,245,005         - 251,399         -           Physical health and social services         987,117          -           Mental health         - 1,057,201          -           County environment and education         137,583         - 88,523         -           Roads and transportation         2,544,789         -         -         2,544,789           Government services to residents         364,413          -         <	Total revenues	_	4,047,768		1,039,838		882,507	2,243,015
Operating:         Public safety and legal services         1,245,005         - 251,399         -           Physical health and social services         987,117          -           Mental health         - 1,057,201          -           County environment and education         137,583         - 88,523         -           Roads and transportation         2,544,789         -         -         2,544,789           Government services to residents         364,413          -         <	Expenditures:							
Public safety and legal services         1,245,005         -         251,399         -           Physical health and social services         987,117         -         -         -           Mental health         -         1,057,201         -         -           County environment and education         137,583         -         88,523         -           Roads and transportation         -         -         -         2,544,789           Government services to residents         364,413         -         -         -         -           Administration         850,472         -         -         -         -         -         -           Debt service         -	-							
Physical health and social services         987,117         -			1.245,005		_		251,399	_
Mental health         -         1,057,201         -         -           County environment and education         137,583         -         88,523         -           Roads and transportation         -         -         -         2,544,789           Government services to residents         364,413         -         -         -           Administration         850,472         -         -         -           Debt service         -         -         -         -         -           Capital projects         -         -         -         180,000         -           Total expenditures         3,584,590         1,057,201         519,922         2,544,789           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         463,178         (17,363)         362,585         (301,774)           Other financing sources (uses):         Interfund transfers in (note 3)         -         -         -         450,000           Interfund transfers out (note 3)         -         -         -         450,000         -           General obligation bonds issued         -         -         -         450,000         -           Execution of capital lease purchase agreements         -         -         -					_			_
County environment and education         137,583         -         88,523         -           Roads and transportation         -         -         2,544,789           Government services to residents         364,413         -         -         -           Administration         850,472         -         -         -           Debt service         -         -         -         -         -           Capital projects         -         -         180,000         -           Total expenditures         3,584,590         1,057,201         519,922         2,544,789           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         463,178         (17,363)         362,585         (301,774)           Other financing sources (uses):         Interfund transfers in (note 3)         -         -         -         450,000           Interfund transfers out (note 3)         -         -         -         450,000         -           General obligation bonds issued         -         -         180,000         -           Execution of capital lease purchase agreements         -         -         -         -         286,244           General obligation capital loan notes issued         -         -         - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td>1.057.201</td><td></td><td>_</td><td>_</td></t<>			_		1.057.201		_	_
Roads and transportation         -         -         2,544,789           Government services to residents         364,413         -         -         -           Administration         850,472         -         -         -           Debt service         -         -         -         -         -           Capital projects         -         -         -         180,000         -           Total expenditures         3,584,590         1,057,201         519,922         2,544,789           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         463,178         (17,363)         362,585         (301,774)           Other financing sources (uses):         Interfund transfers in (note 3)         -         -         -         450,000           Interfund transfers out (note 3)         -         -         -         450,000         -           General obligation bonds issued         -         -         180,000         -           Execution of capital lease purchase agreements         -         -         -         286,244           General obligation capital loan notes issued         -         -         -         -         -         -           Premium on notes issued         -         - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>137,583</td><td></td><td>-,,</td><td></td><td>88,523</td><td>_</td></td<>			137,583		-,,		88,523	_
Government services to residents         364,413         -         -         -           Administration         850,472         -         -         -           Debt service         -         -         -         -         -           Capital projects         -         -         180,000         -           Total expenditures         3,584,590         1,057,201         519,922         2,544,789           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         463,178         (17,363)         362,585         (301,774)           Other financing sources (uses):         Interfund transfers in (note 3)         -         -         -         450,000           Interfund transfers out (note 3)         -         -         (450,000)         -           General obligation bonds issued         -         -         180,000         -           Execution of capital lease purchase agreements         -         -         -         286,244           General obligation capital loan notes issued         -         -         -         -         -           Premium on notes issued         -         -         -         -         -         -	<u> </u>		_		_		<u>-</u>	2,544,789
Administration         850,472         -	<u>-</u>		364,413		_		_	-
Debt service			•		_		_	_
Capital projects         -         -         180,000         -           Total expenditures         3,584,590         1,057,201         519,922         2,544,789           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         463,178         (17,363)         362,585         (301,774)           Other financing sources (uses):         Interfund transfers in (note 3)         -         -         -         450,000           Interfund transfers out (note 3)         -         -         (450,000)         -           General obligation bonds issued         -         -         180,000         -           Execution of capital lease purchase agreements         -         -         -         286,244           General obligation capital loan notes issued         -         -         -         -           Premium on notes issued         -         -         -         -         -	Debt service		_		_		_	_
Total expenditures         3,584,590         1,057,201         519,922         2,544,789           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         463,178         (17,363)         362,585         (301,774)           Other financing sources (uses):         Interfund transfers in (note 3)         -         -         -         450,000           Interfund transfers out (note 3)         -         -         (450,000)         -           General obligation bonds issued         -         -         180,000         -           Execution of capital lease purchase agreements         -         -         -         286,244           General obligation capital loan notes issued         -         -         -         -         -           Premium on notes issued         -         -         -         -         -         -			_		_		180.000	_
over (under) expenditures 463,178 (17,363) 362,585 (301,774)  Other financing sources (uses):  Interfund transfers in (note 3) 450,000  Interfund transfers out (note 3) (450,000) -  General obligation bonds issued 180,000 -  Execution of capital lease purchase agreements General obligation capital loan notes issued  Premium on notes issued		_	3,584,590		1,057,201			2,544,789
over (under) expenditures 463,178 (17,363) 362,585 (301,774)  Other financing sources (uses):  Interfund transfers in (note 3) 450,000  Interfund transfers out (note 3) (450,000) -  General obligation bonds issued 180,000 -  Execution of capital lease purchase agreements General obligation capital loan notes issued  Premium on notes issued	Evenes (definionar) of revenues							
Other financing sources (uses):  Interfund transfers in (note 3) 450,000  Interfund transfers out (note 3) - (450,000) -  General obligation bonds issued - 180,000 -  Execution of capital lease purchase agreements 286,244  General obligation capital loan notes issued  Premium on notes issued			162 179		(17 262)		262 595	(201 774)
Interfund transfers in (note 3)  Interfund transfers out (note 3)  General obligation bonds issued  Execution of capital lease purchase agreements  General obligation capital loan notes issued  Premium on notes issued	over (under) expenditures		403,176		(17,303)		302,383	(301,774)
Interfund transfers out (note 3)  General obligation bonds issued  Execution of capital lease purchase agreements  General obligation capital loan notes issued  Premium on notes issued  - (450,000)  - 180,000  - 286,244	Other financing sources (uses):							
General obligation bonds issued - 180,000 - Execution of capital lease purchase agreements - 286,244 General obligation capital loan notes issued Premium on notes issued	Interfund transfers in (note 3)		_		-		-	450,000
Execution of capital lease purchase agreements 286,244 General obligation capital loan notes issued	Interfund transfers out (note 3)		_		-		(450,000)	_
General obligation capital loan notes issued Premium on notes issued	General obligation bonds issued		_		_		180,000	_
Premium on notes issued	Execution of capital lease purchase agreements		_		_		_	286,244
Premium on notes issued			-		_		_	-
Total other financing sources (uses) - (270,000) 736,244	Premium on notes issued		-		_		_	-
	Total other financing sources (uses)	_	-		_		(270,000)	736,244

_	Nonmajor	Total
\$	158,313	\$ 4,043,156 50,237
	50,152	3,469,211
	-	8,125
	2,216	273,915
	4,054	40,524
	940	543,635
	215,675	8,428,803
	146	1,496,550
	-	987,117
	-	1,057,201
	-	226,106
	-	2,544,789
	14,667	379,080
	-	850,472
	208,579	208,579
_	612,253	792,253
-	835,645	8,542,147
	(619,970)	(113,344)
	-	450,000
	-	(450,000)
	-	180,000
	-	286,244
	690,000	690,000
_	13,230	13,230
	703,230	1,169,474

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Special Revenue			
			Mental	Rural	Secondary
	_	General	Health	Services	Roads
Net change in fund balances	\$	463,178 \$	(17,363) \$	92,585 \$	434,470
Fund balances beginning of year, as restated (note 12)		514,912	22,560	341,903	588,342
Fund balances end of year	\$	978,090 \$	5,197 \$	434,488 \$	1,022,812

_	Nonmajor	Total
\$	83,260	\$ 1,056,130
_	292,635	1,760,352
\$	375,895	\$ 2,816,482

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2011

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	1,056,130
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets. The amount of capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense in the current year are as follows:			
Expenditures for capital assets  Depreciation expense	\$_	551,279 (914,016)	(362,737)
Because some revenues will not be collected for several months after the County's year end, they are not considered available revenues and are deferred in the governmental funds, as follows:			
Property tax Other	_	(4,708) 9,899	5,191
Proceeds from issuing long-term liabilities provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets and does not affect the Statement of Activities.			(1,156,244)
Repayment of long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets.			305,317
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds, as follows:			
Compensated absences Net OPEB liability Interest on long-term debt	_	7,196 (15,219) (3,144)	(11,167)
The Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of the County's health insurance and flexible benefits plans to individual funds. The change in net assets of the Internal Service Funds is reported			
with governmental activities.			28,149
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$	(135,361)

# STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2011

	_	Internal Service Funds
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$_	102,938 33,628
Total assets	_	136,566
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	_	68,800
Net Assets		
Unrestricted	\$_	67,766

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2011

	_	Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues:		
Charges to operating funds	\$	778,013
Charges to employees and others	_	188,226
Total operating revenues	_	966,239
Operating expenses:		
Insurance premiums		917,058
Flexible spending claims		19,810
Administrative fees		1,223
Total operating expenses		938,091
Operating income		28,148
Non-operating revenues:		
Interest on investments	_	1
Net income		28,149
Net assets beginning of year	_	39,617
Net assets end of year	\$_	67,766

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2011

	_	Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:  Cash received from operating fund reimbursements	\$	745,256
Cash received from employees and others		187,355
Cash payments to suppliers for services  Net cash used by operating activities	_	(939,811) (7,200)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on investments	_	4
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(7,196)
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of year	_	110,134
Cash and cash equivalents end of year	<b>\$</b> _	102,938
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash used by operating activities:  Operating income  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash used by	\$	28,148
operating activities: (Increase) in accounts receivable (Decrease) in accounts payable	_	(33,628) (1,720)
Net cash used by operating activities	<b>\$</b> _	(7,200)

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS June 30, 2011

## Assets

Cash and pooled investments: County Treasurer Other County officials Receivables:	\$	532,389 20,770
Property tax:		
Delinquent		122,382
Succeeding year		10,168,000
Accounts		543
Due from other governments		53,847
Prepaid expenses		13,392
Total assets	\$_	10,911,323
Liabilities		
Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Due to other governments (note 5) Trusts payable Compensated absences	\$ -	12,857 5,848 10,756,448 129,664 6,506
Total liabilities	\$_	10,911,323

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year Ended June 30, 2011

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Clarke County is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa and operates under the Home Rule provisions of the Constitution of Iowa. The County operates under the Board of Supervisors form of government. Elections are on a partisan basis. Other elected officials operate independently with the Board of Supervisors. These officials are the Auditor, Treasurer, Recorder, Sheriff, and Attorney. The County provides numerous services to citizens, including law enforcement, health and social services, parks and cultural activities, planning and zoning, roadway construction and maintenance, and general administrative services.

The County's financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

## A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, Clarke County has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The County has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the County are such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the County to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the County. Clarke County has no component units which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

Jointly Governed Organizations – The County also participates in several jointly governed organizations that provide goods or services to the citizenry of the County but do not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. The County Board of Supervisors are members of or appoint representatives to the following boards and commissions: Clarke County Assessor's Conference Board, Clarke County Hospital Board, and Clarke County Environmental Services Board, which handles the Emergency Management System. Financial transactions of these organizations are included in the County's financial statements only to the extent of the County's fiduciary relationship with the organization and, as such, are reported in the Agency Funds of the County.

### B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the County and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are supported by property tax, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the County's nonfiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes, and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year Ended June 30, 2011

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## B. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Restricted net assets result when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets consist of net assets that do not meet the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net assets often have constraints on resources that are imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements – Separate financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. All general tax revenues and other revenues not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the fund are paid the general operating expenditures, the fixed charges and the capital improvement costs that are not paid from other funds.

#### Special Revenue:

The Mental Health Fund is used to account for property tax and other revenues to be used to fund mental health, mental retardation, and developmental disabilities services.

The Rural Services Fund is used to account for property tax and other revenues to provide services which are primarily intended to benefit those persons residing in the County outside of incorporated city areas.

The Secondary Roads Fund is used to account for the road use tax allocation from the State of Iowa, required transfers from the General and the Special Revenue, Rural Services Funds and other revenues to be used for secondary road construction and maintenance.

Additionally, the County reports the following funds:

Proprietary Funds - Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services purchased by one department of the County and provided to other departments or agencies on a cost reimbursement basis.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year Ended June 30, 2011

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## B. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Fiduciary Funds - Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations, certain jointly governed organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. Agency Funds are custodial in nature, assets equal liabilities, and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

#### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax is recognized as revenue in the year for which it is levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end.

Property tax, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences are recorded as expenditures only when payment is due. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term liabilities and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

When an expenditure is incurred in governmental funds which can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the County's policy is to pay the expenditure from restricted fund balance and then from less-restrictive classifications – committed, assigned, and then unassigned fund balances.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year Ended June 30, 2011

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

The proprietary funds of the County apply all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on Accounting Procedure.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's internal service fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for internal service funds include the cost of services and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The County maintains its financial records on the cash basis. The financial statements of the County are prepared by making memorandum adjusting entries to the cash basis financial records.

#### D. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the financial statements:

Cash, Pooled Investments and Cash Equivalents – The cash balances of most County funds are pooled and invested. Interest earned on investments is recorded in the General Fund, unless otherwise provided by law. Investments are stated at fair value except for non-negotiable certificates of deposit, which are stated at cost.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all short-term cash investments that are highly liquid are considered to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and, at the day of purchase, they have a maturity date no longer than three months.

Property Tax Receivable – Property tax in governmental funds is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Property tax receivable is recognized in these funds on the levy or lien date, which is the date that the tax asking is certified by the County Board of Supervisors. Delinquent property tax receivable represents unpaid taxes for the current and prior years. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the Board of Supervisors to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, the Board of Supervisors is required to certify its budget in March of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking and budget certification for the following fiscal year becomes effective on the first day of that year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is deferred in both the government-wide and fund financial statements and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year Ended June 30, 2011

## Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity (continued)

The property tax revenue recognized in these funds becomes due and collectible in September and March of the fiscal year with a 1 ½% per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2009 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2011 and reflects the tax asking contained in the budget certified by the County Board of Supervisors in March 2010.

Interest and Penalty on Property Tax Receivable – Interest and penalty on property tax receivable represents the amount of interest and penalty that was due and payable but has not been collected.

Due from Other Governments – Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Iowa, various shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments.

Inventories – Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method. Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets – Capital assets, which include property, equipment and vehicles, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, curbs, gutters, sidewalks, and similar items which are immovable and of value only to the County), are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Reportable capital assets are defined by the County as assets with initial, individual costs in excess of the following thresholds and estimated useful lives in excess of two years.

Asset Class		Amount
Intangibles	\$	100,000
Infrastructure	Ψ	250,000
Land, buildings and improvements		5,000
Equipment and vehicles		5,000

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year Ended June 30, 2011

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## D. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity (continued)

Capital assets of the County are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
	Useful Lives
Asset Class	(In Years)
Buildings	25-50
Improvements other than buildings	10-50
Infrastructure	10-65
Equipment	3-20
Vehicles	5-15

Due to Other Governments – Due to other governments represents taxes and other revenues collected by the County and payments for services which will be remitted to other governments.

Trusts Payable – Trusts payable represents amounts due to others which are held by various County officials in fiduciary capacities until the underlying legal matters are resolved.

Deferred Revenue — Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Deferred revenue in the governmental fund financial statements represents the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Deferred revenue consists of the succeeding year property tax receivable, delinquent property tax receivables and other receivables not collected within sixty days after year end.

Deferred revenue in the Statement of Net Assets consists of the succeeding year property tax receivable that will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Long-term Liabilities – In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or proprietary fund Statement of Net Assets. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year Ended June 30, 2011

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## D. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity (continued)

Compensated Absences — County employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation and sick leave hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, death or retirement. A liability is recorded when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is recorded in the governmental fund financial statements only for employees that have resigned or retired. The compensated absences liability has been computed based on rates of pay in effect at June 30, 2011. The compensated absences liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General, Rural Services and Secondary Roads Funds.

Fund Equity – In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – Amounts which cannot be spent because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Amounts restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of the resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors or state or federal laws or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Assigned – Amounts the Board of Supervisors intend to use for specific purposes.

Unassigned – All amounts not included in other classifications.

## E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information. During the year ended June 30, 2011, disbursements exceeded the amount budgeted in the debt service function.

#### Note 2. Cash and Pooled Investments

The County's deposits in banks at June 30, 2011 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. The chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The County is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Board of Supervisors; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

The County's funds are all deposited in financial institution depository accounts.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year Ended June 30, 2011

## Note 3. Interfund Transfers

The detail of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2011 is as follows:

Transfer to	Transfer from		Amount	
Special Revenue:	Special Revenue:			
Secondary Roads	Rural Services	\$_	450,000	

Transfers generally move resources from the fund statutorily required to collect the resources to the fund statutorily required to expend the resources.

## Note 4. Capital Assets

A summary of capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2011 is as follows:

		Balance					Balance
		Beginning of Year		Inonogga		Ростория	End
	-	or rear		Increases	-	Decreases	of Year
Governmental activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	571,654	\$	7,500	\$	- \$	579,154
Construction in progress		-		140,709		_	140,709
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	571,654		148,209		-	719,863
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings		7,036,338		-		-	7,036,338
Machinery and equipment		3,521,040		403,070		362,371	3,561,739
Infrastructure		11,918,251		-		-	11,918,251
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	22,475,629		403,070		362,371	22,516,328
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings		1,957,542		196,561		-	2,154,103
Machinery and equipment		2,398,597		320,180		362,371	2,356,406
Infrastructure		4,024,270		397,275		-	4,421,545
Total accumulated depreciation	_	8,380,409		914,016		362,371	8,932,054
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_	14,095,220		(510,946)			13,584,274
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$_	14,666,874	\$_	(362,737)	. \$ _	\$	14,304,137

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year Ended June 30, 2011

## Note 4. Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to the following functions:

Governmental activities:		
Public safety and legal services	\$	123,378
Physical health and social services		85,715
County environment and education		28,931
Roads and transportation		630,703
Government services to residents		747
Administration	_	44,542
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$_	914,016

## Note 5. Due to Other Governments

The County purchases services from other governmental units and also acts as a fee and tax collection agent for various governmental units. Tax collections are remitted to those governments in the month following collection. A summary of amounts due to other governments is as follows:

Fund	Description		Amount	
Special Revenue:				
Mental Health	Services	\$_	184,453	
Agency:				
County Assessor	Collections	\$	363,854	
Schools			5,295,928	
Area Schools			268,045	
Corporations			3,387,873	
County Hospital			1,008,291	
Auto License and Use Tax			168,798	
All Other		_	263,659	
Total for agency funds		\$_	10,756,448	

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year Ended June 30, 2011

## Note 6. Short-Term Debt Activity

During the year ended June 30, 2011, the County entered into three short-term loans between funds. The loans were necessary to provide temporary financing during periods of low cash flow. A summary of the activity for the year ended June 30, 2011 is as follows:

	Lending Fund	Balance Beginning of Year	Loans Received	Loans Repaid	Balance End of Year
General Basic Fund General Supplemental Fund General Supplemental Fund	Rural Basic Fund \$ Rural Basic Fund General Basic Fund	- \$ - -	30,000 5 70,000 75,000	\$ 30,000 \$ 70,000 75,000	- - -
Total	\$	\$	175,000	\$175,000 \$	

## Note 7. Long-Term Liabilities

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2011 is as follows:

		Balance				Balance		Due
		Beginning				End		Within
	-	of Year	Additions	_	Reductions	of Year		One Year
General Obligation Bonds	\$	- \$	180,000	\$	_	\$ 180,000	\$	14,000
Capital Loan Notes		740,000	690,000		135,000	1,295,000		245,000
Child Care Center Revenue Notes		520,271	-		6,819	513,452		7,143
Promissory Note		42,198	_		42,198	-		_
Capital Lease Purchase Agreements		417,139	286,244		121,300	582,083		119,010
Compensated Absences		176,397	169,201		176,397	169,201		169,201
Net OPEB Liability		15,191	15,219		-	30,410		-
Balance end of year	\$_	1,911,196	1,340,664	\$	481,714	\$ 2,770,146	<b>\$</b>	554,354

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 7. Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

General Obligation Bonds

Details of the County's June 30, 2011 general obligation solid waste disposal bonded indebtedness are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Interest Rates		Principal		Interest	 Total
2012	3.40 %	\$	14,000	\$	7,564	\$ 21,564
2013	3.40		16,000		6,008	22,008
2014	3.40		17,000		5,464	22,464
2015	3.40		17,000		4,886	21,886
2016	3.64		18,000		4,308	22,308
2017-2021	3.64-3.78	_	98,000		11,299	109,299
		\$_	180,000	\$_	39,529	\$ 219,529

Capital Loan Notes

Details of the County's June 30, 2011 general obligation capital loan note indebtedness are as follows:

	Serie	es Da	ated October 1	5, 2	2007	Series Dated June 15, 2008						
Year Ending	Interest					Interest						
June 30,	Rates		Principal	_	Interest	Rates		Principal		Interest		
2012	4.75 %	\$	60,000	\$	7,850	3.40 %	\$	80,000	\$	15,110		
2013	4.00		60,000		5,000	3.50		90,000		12,390		
2014	4.00		65,000		2,600	3.60		90,000		9,240		
2015	-	_	-		<u>-</u>	3.75	-	160,000		6,000		
		\$_	185,000	\$_	15,450		\$_	420,000	\$_	42,740		

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 7. Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

Capital Loan Notes (continued)

_	Serie	es Dated		Total				
Year Ending	Interest							
June 30,	Rates	Pri	ncipal	Interest		Principal		Interest
				40.50				
2012	2.50 %	\$ 1	05,000 \$	19,625	\$	245,000	\$	42,585
2013	2.50	1	10,000	17,000		260,000		34,390
2014	3.00	1	15,000	14,250		270,000		26,090
2015	3.00	1	15,000	10,800		275,000		16,800
2016	3.00	1	20,000	7,350		120,000		7,350
2017	3.00	1	25,000	3,750		125,000		3,750
		\$6	90,000 \$	72,775	\$_	1,295,000	_ \$ _	130,965

Child Care Center Revenue Notes

Details of the County's June 30, 2011 child care center revenue notes are as follows:

Year Ending	Interest					
June 30,	Rates		Principal	_	Interest	Total
2012	4.75 %	\$	7,143	\$	24,389 \$	31,532
2013	4.75		7,482		24,050	31,532
2014	4.75		7,838		23,694	31,532
2015	4.75		8,210		23,322	31,532
2016	4.75		8,600		22,932	31,532
2017-2021	4.75		49,529		108,131	157,660
2022-2026	4.75		62,464		95,196	157,660
2027-2031	4.75		78,778		78,882	157,660
2032-2036	4.75		99,351		58,309	157,660
2037-2041	4.75		125,298		32,362	157,660
2042-2043	4.75		58,759		4,223	62,982
		\$_	513,452	\$_	495,490 \$	1,008,942

In August 2002, the County entered into a USDA Rural Development loan agreement for Child Care Center Revenue Notes in the amount of \$550,000 to finance a portion of the cost of the construction and furnishing of a child care and early education center. The notes will be paid over forty years with an annual interest rate of 4.75%. The notes are payable solely from the revenues of the child care center, which is to be operated by The Village, Ltd., an Iowa nonprofit corporation. The notes are not a general obligation of the County and are not subject to the constitutional debt limitation of the County.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year Ended June 30, 2011

#### Note 7. Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

Child Care Center Revenue Notes (continued)

The resolution providing for the issuance of the child care center revenue notes includes the following provisions:

- (a) The notes will only be redeemed from the revenues derived from the operation of the child care center. Revenues sufficient to pay principal and interest on the notes are to be received from The Village, Ltd. by July 1 of each year when the payment is due.
- (b) Monthly deposits of \$263 from the child care center shall be made to the Child Care Center Reserve Fund until the sum of \$31,532 has been accumulated in the fund. The fund is to be used solely for the purpose of paying principal and interest in the event the revenue fund does not have sufficient funds for that purpose.
- (c) Monthly deposits of \$200 from the child care center shall also be made to the Child Care Center Reserve Fund for funded depreciation.

#### Capital Lease Purchase Agreements

During the year ended June 30, 2008, the County entered into a capital lease purchase agreement for \$296,500 for the acquisition of two new motor graders. The agreement is payable in seven equal annual payments including interest at 3.75%.

During the year ended June 30, 2009, the County entered into two capital lease purchase agreements for \$113,010 each for the acquisition of new motor graders. The agreements are payable in seven equal annual payments. The August 2008 agreement includes interest at 3.95% and the September 2008 agreement includes interest at 3.65%.

During the year ended June 30, 2011, the County entered into a capital lease purchase agreement for \$144,877 to purchase a wheel loader. The agreement is payable in five equal annual payments including interest at 3.5%.

During the year ended June 30, 2011, the County entered into a capital lease purchase agreement for \$141,367 to purchase a motor grader. The agreement is payable in seven equal annual payments including interest at 3.25%.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 7. Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

Capital Lease Purchase Agreements (continued)

Details of the County's June 30, 2011 capital lease purchase agreement indebtedness are as follows:

Year Ending			N	farch 14, 200	8				1	August 15, 20	08	
June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total	_	Principal		Interest		Total
2012	\$	42,239	\$	6,816	\$	49,055	\$	15,472	\$	3,372	\$	18,844
2013	Ψ	43,849	Ψ	5,206	Ψ	49,055	Ψ.	16,094	Ψ	2,750	Ψ	18,844
2014		45,520		3,535		49,055		16,742		2,102		18,844
2015		47,255		1,802		49,057		17,415		1,429		18,844
2016						-		18,116		729		18,845
	\$_	178,863	\$_	17,359	\$_	196,222	\$_	83,839	\$_	10,382	\$	94,221
Year Ending			Sep	tember 10, 20	800				Ş	September 13.	201	0
June 30,	_	Principal		Interest		Total	_	Principal		Interest		Total
	_		_					•				
2012	\$	15,572	\$	3,113	\$	18,685	\$	27,145	\$	4,005	\$	31,150
2013		16,150		2,535		18,685		28,096		3,054		31,150
2014		16,750		1,935		18,685		29,079		2,071		31,150
2015		17,372		1,313		18,685		30,097		1,053		31,150
2016	_	18,017		669		18,686		-		-		-
	\$_	83,861	. \$ = * =	9,565	\$_	93,426	\$_	114,417	- \$ =	10,183	. \$_	124,600
Year Ending			No	vember 15, 20	)10					Total		
June 30,	-	Principal		Interest		Total	_	Principal		Interest		Total
			_									
2012	\$	18,582	\$	3,995	\$	22,577	\$	119,010	\$	21,301	\$	140,311
2013		19,195		3,382		22,577		123,384		16,927		140,311
2014		19,828		2,749		22,577		127,919		12,392		140,311
2015		20,482		2,095		22,577		132,621		7,692		140,313
2016		21,158		1,419		22,577		57,291		2,817		60,108
2017	_	21,858		720		22,578		21,858		720		22,578
	\$_	121,103	\$_	14,360	\$_	135,463	\$_	582,083	\$_	61,849	\$_	643,932

Note 8. Radio Equipment Operating Lease

The Secondary Roads Department is leasing a radio communications system with monthly lease payments of \$691. The lease is indefinite but the monthly lease payments per radio unit used are guaranteed until June 30, 2011. The County has the option to cancel the lease at any time. The minimum lease payments due in the next year is \$8,292. Rental expense for the year ended June 30, 2011 was \$8,292.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year Ended June 30, 2011

#### Note 9. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Plan Description – The County operates a single-employer retiree benefit plan which provides medical and prescription drug benefits for retirees and their spouses. There are 75 active and 3 retired members in the plan. Participants must be age 55 or older at retirement.

The medical/prescription drug coverage is provided by Central States Health and Welfare Fund. Retirees under age 65 pay the same premium for the medical/prescription drug benefit as active employees, which results in an implicit subsidy and an OPEB liability.

Funding Policy – The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the County. The County currently finances the retiree benefit plan on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation – The County's annual OPEB cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the County, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years.

The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the year ended June 30, 2011, the amount actually contributed to the plan and changes in the County's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$	41,742
Interest on net OPEB obligation		608
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(580)
Annual OPEB cost		41,770
Contributions made		(26,551)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		15,219
Net OPEB obligation beginning of year		15,191
Net OPEB obligation end of year	<b>\$</b>	30,410

For calculation of the net OPEB obligation, the actuary has set the transition day as July 1, 2009. The end of year net OPEB obligation was calculated by the actuary as the cumulative difference between the actuarially determined funding requirements and the actual contributions for the year ended June 30, 2011.

For the year ended June 30, 2011, the County contributed \$26,551 to the medical plan.

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation as of June 30, 2011 are summarized as follows:

		Percentage of		Net
Year	Annual	Annual OPEB		OPEB
Ended	 OPEB Cost	Cost Contributed	<u> </u>	Obligation
June 30, 2011	\$ 41,770	63.6%	- \$	30,410

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year Ended June 30, 2011

#### Note 9. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

Funded Status and Funding Progress – As of July 1, 2009, the most recent actuarial valuation date for the period July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2011, the actuarial accrued liability was \$299,000, with no actuarial value of assets, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$299,000. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was approximately \$2,396,000 and the ratio of the UAAL to covered payroll was 12.5%. As of June 30, 2011, there were no trust fund assets.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions – Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the health care cost trend. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of Funding Progress, presented as required supplementary information in the section following the Notes to Financial Statements, will present multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

As of the July 1, 2009 actuarial valuation date, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 4% discount rate based on the County's funding policy. The projected annual medical trend rate is 10%. The ultimate medical trend rate is 5%. The medical trend rate is reduced 0.5% each year until reaching the 5% ultimate trend rate. Mortality rates are from the RP2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2010.

Projected claim costs of the medical plan are \$965 per month for non-union retirees less than age 65 and \$883 per month for union retirees less than age 65. The salary increase rate was assumed to be 3% per year. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll expense on an open basis over 30 years.

### Note 10. Pension and Retirement Benefits

The County contributes to the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS), which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits which are established by State statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306-9117.

Most regular plan members are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual covered salary and the County is required to contribute 6.95% of covered salary. Certain employees in special risk occupations and the County contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate. Contribution requirements are established by state statute. The County's contributions to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009 were \$206,382, \$213,131 and \$199,664, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year Ended June 30, 2011

# Note 11. Risk Management

Clarke County is a member in the Iowa Communities Assurance Pool, as allowed by Chapter 331.301 of the Code of Iowa. The Iowa Communities Assurance Pool (Pool) is a local government risk-sharing pool whose 645 members include various governmental entities throughout the State of Iowa. The Pool was formed in August 1986 for the purpose of managing and funding third-party liability claims against its members. The Pool provides coverage and protection in the following categories: general liability, automobile liability, automobile physical damage, public officials liability, police professional liability, property, inland marine, and boiler/machinery. There have been no reductions in insurance coverage from prior years.

Each member's annual casualty contributions to the Pool fund current operations and provide capital. Annual operating contributions are those amounts necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses, claims, claims expenses and reinsurance expenses due and payable in the current year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Capital contributions are made during the first six years of membership and are maintained to equal 200 percent of the total current members' basis rates or to comply with the requirements of any applicable regulatory authority having jurisdiction over the Pool.

The Pool also provides property coverage. Members who elect such coverage make annual operating contributions which are necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses and reinsurance premiums, all of which are due and payable in the current year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Any year-end operating surplus is transferred to capital. Deficiencies in operations are offset by transfers from capital and, if insufficient, by the subsequent year's member contributions.

The County's property and casualty contributions to the risk pool are recorded as expenditures from its operating funds at the time of payment to the risk pool. The County's annual contributions to the Pool for the year ended June 30, 2011 were \$120,313.

The Pool uses reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements to reduce its exposure to large losses. The Pool retains general, automobile, police professional, and public officials' liability risks up to \$350,000 per claim. Claims exceeding \$350,000 are reinsured in an amount not to exceed \$2,650,000 per claim and \$10,000,000 in aggregate per year. For members requiring specific coverage from \$3,000,000 to \$12,000,000, such excess coverage is also reinsured. Property and automobile physical damage risks are retained by the Pool up to \$150,000 each occurrence, each location, with excess coverage reinsured by The Travelers Insurance Company.

The Pool's intergovernmental contract with its members provides that in the event a casualty claim or series of claims exceeds the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the member's risk-sharing certificate, or in the event that a series of casualty claims exhausts total members' equity plus any reinsurance and any excess risk-sharing recoveries, then payment of such claims shall be the obligation of the respective individual member. The County does not report a liability for losses in excess of reinsurance or excess risk-sharing recoveries unless it is deemed probable that such losses have occurred and the amount of such loss can be reasonably estimated. Accordingly, at June 30, 2011, no liability has been recorded in the County's financial statements. As of June 30, 2011, settled claims have not exceeded the risk pool or reinsurance company coverage since the pool's inception.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year Ended June 30, 2011

#### Note 11. Risk Management (continued)

Members agree to continue membership in the Pool for a period of not less than one full year. After such period, a member who has given 60 days prior written notice may withdraw from the Pool. Upon withdrawal, payments for all claims and claims expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim was incurred or reported prior to the member's withdrawal. Members withdrawing within the first six years of membership may receive a partial refund of their capital contributions. If a member withdraws after the sixth year, the member is refunded 100 percent of its capital contributions. However, the refund is reduced by an amount equal to the annual operating contribution which the withdrawing member would have made for the one year period following withdrawal.

The County also carries commercial insurance purchased from other insurers for coverage associated with workers compensation and employee blanket bond in the amount of \$1,000,000 and \$100,000, respectively. The County assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### Note 12. Accounting Change/Restatement

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, <u>Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions</u>, was implemented during the year ended June 30, 2011. The effect of fund type reclassifications is as follows:

				Special		Non	ım	ajor - Special Rev	venue
				Revenue	_	Conservation			SIRWA
			_	Rural	•	Land		Environmental	Grid Project
	_	General		Services	-	Acquisition	-	Education	Sinking
Balances June 30, 2010, as									
previously reported	\$	439,322	\$	279,403	\$	48,768	\$	26,822 \$	62,500
Change in fund type classification per implementation of GASB									
Statement No. 54		75,590		62,500		(48,768)	į	(26,822)	(62,500)
	_				•		-		
Balances July 1, 2010, as restated	\$ _	514,912	\$ _	341,903	\$		\$	\$	

# Note 13. Subsequent Event

In October 2011, the County issued \$410,000 of general obligation capital loan notes. The note proceeds will be used to purchase peace officer communication equipment and other emergency services communication equipment and systems. The notes will be repaid over ten years with interest rates ranging from 0.75% to 2.50%.

Required Supplementary Information

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Balances – Budget and Actual (Cash Basis) – All Governmental Funds Required Supplementary Information Year Ended June 30, 2011

							Final to
			_	Budgete	ed A		Actual
	_	Actual	_	Original		<u>Final</u>	Variance
RECEIPTS:							
Property and other County tax	\$	4,042,994 \$	:	4,069,601	\$	4,069,601 \$	(26,607)
Interest and penalty on property tax	Ψ	50,237	•	46,000	Ψ	46,000	4,237
Intergovernmental		3,386,959		3,197,403		3,398,877	(11,918)
Licenses and permits		8,175		54,550		54,550	(46,375)
Charges for service		279,490		236,280		255,353	24,137
Use of money and property		40,999		42,200		42,200	(1,201)
Miscellaneous		522,111		288,960		292,082	230,029
Total receipts	-	8,330,965		7,934,994		8,158,663	172,302
1 our receipts	_	0,550,705		7,551,551		0,150,005	172,502
DISBURSEMENTS:							
Public safety and legal services		1,507,839		1,682,209		1,684,859	177,020
Physical health and social services		977,835		925,096		1,102,919	125,084
Mental health		984,850		1,066,990		1,066,990	82,140
County environment and education		235,905		244,880		254,640	18,735
Roads and transportation		2,243,574		2,590,750		2,590,750	347,176
Government services to residents		378,657		368,911		391,378	12,721
Administration		867,086		816,842		880,691	13,605
Debt service		208,579		195,465		195,465	(13,114)
Capital projects		793,598		44,000		1,014,215	220,617
Total disbursements		8,197,923		7,935,143		9,181,907	983,984
Excess (deficiency) of receipts		122.040		(1.40)		(1.002.044)	1 157 207
over (under) disbursements		133,042		(149)	1	(1,023,244)	1,156,286
Other financing sources, net	_	883,230		31,532		902,542	(19,312)
Excess (deficiency) of receipts and other financing sources over (under) disbursements and other							
financing uses		1,016,272		31,383		(120,702)	1,136,974
Balance beginning of year	_	1,676,216		1,073,238		1,073,238	602,978
Balance end of year	\$_	2,692,488 \$	i_	1,104,621	_\$_	952,536 \$	1,739,952

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Budget to GAAP Reconciliation Required Supplementary Information Year Ended June 30, 2011

		C	Gove	ernmental Funds	
		Cash Basis	Modified Accrual Basis		
Revenues Expenditures	\$	8,330,965 8,197,923	\$	97,838 \$ 344,224	8,428,803 8,542,147
Net Other financing sources, net	_	133,042 883,230		(246,386) 286,244	(113,344) 1,169,474
Beginning fund balances	_	1,676,216		84,136	1,760,352
Ending fund balances	\$_	2,692,488	\$_	123,994 \$	2,816,482

# NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – BUDGETARY REPORTING June 30, 2011

This budgetary comparison is presented as Required Supplementary Information in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the County Board of Supervisors annually adopts a budget on the cash basis following required public notice and hearing for all funds except blended component units, internal service funds, and agency funds, and appropriates the amount deemed necessary for each of the different County offices and departments. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. Encumbrances are not recognized on the cash basis budget and appropriations lapse at year end.

Formal and legal budgetary control is based upon ten major classes of expenditures known as functions, not by fund. These ten functions are: public safety and legal services, physical health and social services, mental health, county environment and education, roads and transportation, government services to residents, administration, non-program, debt service and capital projects. Function disbursements required to be budgeted include disbursements for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Funds. Although the budget document presents function disbursements by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not by fund. Legal budgetary control is also based upon the appropriation to each office or department. During the year, two budget amendments increased budgeted disbursements by \$1,246,764. These budget amendments are reflected in the final budgeted amounts.

In addition, annual budgets are similarly adopted in accordance with the Code of Iowa by the appropriate governing body as indicated: for the County Extension Office by the County Agricultural Extension Council, for the County Assessor by the County Conference Board, and for Emergency Management Services by the County Environmental Services Board.

During the year ended June 30, 2011, disbursements exceeded the amount budgeted in the debt service function. Disbursements did not exceed the amounts appropriated in any County department.

# SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE RETIREE HEALTH PLAN

(In Thousands)
Required Supplementary Information
Year Ended June 30, 2011

Year Ended June 30,	Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covere Payro (c)	
2010	July 1, 2009 \$	- \$	299 \$	299	0.0%	\$ 2,4	83 12.0%
2011	July 1, 2009	_	299	299	0.0%	2,3	96 12.5%

See note 9 in the accompanying Notes to Financial Statements for the plan description, funding policy, annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation, funded status and funding progress.

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Other Supplementary Information

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2011

	Special Revenue								
	R	County ecorder's Records anagement	REAP	County Attorney Forfeiture	Drug Forfeiture				
Assets									
Cash and pooled investments Receivables: Property tax: Delinquent	\$	2,021 \$	122,064 \$	2,082 \$	1,198				
Succeeding year		_	_	_	_				
Accounts		145	-	-	-				
Accrued interest		-	46	-					
Total assets	\$	2,166 \$	122,110 \$	2,082 \$	1,198				
Liabilities and Fund Balances									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-				
Deferred revenue:									
Succeeding year property tax		-	-	-	-				
Other		-	-	-	<u> </u>				
Total liabilities		-	-	-					
Fund balances:									
Restricted for:									
Debt service		_	_	-	_				
Capital projects		-	_	-	_				
Conservation purposes		-	122,110	-	-				
Other purposes		2,166	-	2,082	1,198				
Total fund balances		2,166	122,110	2,082	1,198				
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,166 \$	122,110 \$	2,082 \$	1,198				

_		Debt Se	ervice		
_	Drug Dog	Debt Service	Child Care Center Reserve	Capital Projects	Total
\$	838 \$	43,865 \$	24,539 \$	179,007 \$	375,614
	- - -	1,451 281,000	-	- - - 134	1,451 281,000 145 180
<b>\$</b> _	838 \$	326,316 \$	24,539 \$	179,141 \$	658,390
\$	44 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	44
	- - 44	281,000 1,451 282,451	- -	- - -	281,000 1,451 282,495
_		,			
	- -	43,865	24,539 -	- 179,141	68,404 179,141
	704	-	-	-	122,110
_	794 794	43,865	24,539	- 179,141	6,240 375,895
<b>-</b> \$_	838_\$_	326,316 \$	24,539 \$	179,141_\$_	658,390

# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Special Revenue					
		County Recorder's Records Management	REAP	County Attorney Forfeiture	Drug Forfeiture	
Revenues:						
Property and other County tax	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-	
Intergovernmental		-	12,106	-	850	
Charges for service		1,868	-	-	348	
Use of money and property		26	546	-	-	
Miscellaneous		-	-	-		
Total revenues		1,894	12,652		1,198	
Expenditures:						
Operating:						
Public safety and legal services		_	_	_	_	
Government services to residents		14,667	_	_	_	
Debt service		-	_	_	_	
Capital projects		_	_	_	_	
Total expenditures	_	14,667	-	-		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		(12,773)	12,652	-	1,198	
Other financing sources:						
General obligation capital loan notes issued		_	_	_	_	
Premium on notes issued		_	_	_	_	
Total other financing sources	_					
Total other imaneing sources	_	<del>-</del>				
Net change in fund balances		(12,773)	12,652	-	1,198	
Fund balances beginning of year	_	14,939	109,458	2,082		
Fund balances end of year	\$	2,166 \$	122,110 \$	2,082 \$	1,198	

_		Debt Ser	vice		
_	Drug Dog	Debt Service	Child Care Center Reserve	Capital Projects	Total
\$	- \$	158,313 \$	- \$	- \$	158,313
•	_	37,196	-	_	50,152
	-	, -	_	_	2,216
	_	412	_	3,070	4,054
	940	-	-	_ _	940
_	940	195,921	-	3,070	215,675
	146	_	_	_	146
	-	_	_	_	14,667
	_	195,814	_	12,765	208,579
	-	16,354	-	595,899	612,253
_	146	212,168	_	608,664	835,645
	794	(16,247)	-	(605,594)	(619,970)
	_	16,354	_	673,646	690,000
	-	-	_	13,230	13,230
_		16,354		686,876	703,230
_	794	107	<u>-</u>	81,282	83,260
_	-	43,758	24,539	97,859	292,635
\$_	794_\$_	43,865 \$	24,539 \$	179,141 \$	375,895

# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS June 30, 2011

	_	Flexible Spending	Health Insurance	<u> </u>	Total
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,042 \$	93,896	\$	102,938
Accounts receivable		871	32,757		33,628
Total assets	_	9,913	126,653		136,566
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	_	<u>-</u>	68,800		68,800
Net Assets					
Unrestricted	\$_	9,913 \$	57,853	\$	67,766

# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS June 30, 2011

	_	Flexible Spending	Health Insurance	Total
Operating revenues:				
Charges to operating funds	\$	- \$	778,013 \$	778,013
Charges to employees and others	_	21,031	167,195	188,226
Total operating revenues	_	21,031	945,208	966,239
Operating expenses:				
Insurance premiums		-	917,058	917,058
Flexible spending claims		19,810	-	19,810
Administrative fees		1,223	_	1,223
Total operating expenses	_	21,033	917,058	938,091
Operating income (loss)		(2)	28,150	28,148
Non-operating revenues:				
Interest on investments	_	-	1	1
Net income (loss)		(2)	28,151	28,149
Net assets beginning of year	_	9,915	29,702	39,617
Net assets end of year	\$_	9,913 \$	57,853 \$	67,766

# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2011

	_	Flexible Spending	Health Insurance	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Cash received from operating fund reimbursements	\$	- \$	745,256 \$	745,256
Cash received from employees and others		20,160	167,195	187,355
Cash payments to suppliers for services	_	(21,033)	(918,778)	(939,811)
Net cash used by operating activities	_	(873)	(6,327)	(7,200)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Interest on investments	_	-	4	4
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(873)	(6,323)	(7,196)
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of year	_	9,915	100,219	110,134
Cash and cash equivalents end of year	\$_	9,042 \$	93,896 \$	102,938
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash used by operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$	(2) \$	28,150 \$	28,148
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash used by operating activities:				
(Increase) in accounts receivable		(871)	(32,757)	(33,628)
(Decrease) in accounts payable	_		(1,720)	(1,720)
Net cash used by operating activities	\$_	(873) \$	(6,327) \$	(7,200)

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# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2011

		County Offices				
	County		County	Extension	County	
	_	Recorder	Sheriff	Education	Assessor	
ASSETS						
Cash and pooled investments:						
County Treasurer	\$	- \$	- \$	1,658 \$	117,705	
Other County officials		7,857	12,913	-	_	
Receivables:		·				
Property tax:						
Delinquent		_	_	914	2,237	
Succeeding year		-	_	100,000	243,000	
Accounts		116	_	-	_	
Due from other governments		-	_	-	_	
Prepaid expenses	_		-		11,419	
Total assets	\$_	7,973 \$	12,913 \$	102,572 \$	374,361	
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	4,670 \$	8,032 \$	- \$	155	
Salaries and benefits payable	·	_	_	_	4,701	
Due to other governments		3,303	_	102,572	363,854	
Trusts payable		, <u>-</u>	4,881	, -	, -	
Compensated absences	_	-		-	5,651	
Total liabilities	\$_	7,973 \$	12,913 \$	102,572 \$	374,361	

_	Schools		Area Schools	_	Corporations	 Townships	_	City and Water Special Assessments	r - –	County Hospital		Brucellosis and Tuberculosis Eradication
\$	82,680 -	\$	3,895 -	\$	52,252 -	\$ 2,463	\$	2,349 -	\$	18,881 -	\$	19 -
	46,248 5,167,000 -		2,150 262,000	•	59,621 3,276,000	792 140,000 -		- - - -		10,410 979,000 -		10 1,000 - -
- \$_	5,295,928	* = * =	268,045	\$	3,387,873	\$ 143,255	- - -	2,349	- - = * =	1,008,291	_ \$ =	1,029
\$	-	\$	-	· \$	-	\$ -	· \$	-	\$	-	\$	- -
	5,295,928 - -		268,045 - -		3,387,873 - -	143,255 - -		2,349 - -		1,008,291 - -		1,029 - -
\$_	5,295,928	\$_	268,045	\$	3,387,873	\$ 143,255	_\$	2,349	\$_	1,008,291	\$	1,029

# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2011

	_	Auto License and Use Tax	Advance Tax	Tax Sale Redemption	Emergency Management
ASSETS					
Cash and pooled investments: County Treasurer Other County officials	\$	168,798 \$ -	107,615 \$	17,168 -	\$ 10,247 -
Receivables:					
Property tax:					
Delinquent		-	-	-	-
Succeeding year Accounts		-	-	-	-
Due from other governments		-	-	-	-
Prepaid expenses	_	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	1,973
Total assets	\$=	168,798 \$	107,615 \$	17,168	\$12,220
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$	- \$	- \$	-	т
Salaries and benefits payable		-	-	-	1,147
Due to other governments		168,798	-	-	10,218
Trusts payable		-	107,615	17,168	-
Compensated absences	_		-		855

\$<u>168,798</u> \$<u>107,615</u> \$<u>17,168</u> \$<u>12,220</u>

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

Total liabilities

	County Recorder's Electronic Transaction Fee	Homemakers Health Payroll	Total
\$	506 \$	(53,847) \$	532,389
	-	<u>-</u>	20,770
	_	_	122,382
	_	_	10,168,000
	427	_	543
	-	53,847	53,847
_	-	_	13,392
•			
\$	933 \$	\$	10,911,323
\$	- \$	- \$	12,857
	-	-	5,848
	933	-	10,756,448
	-	-	129,664
	-	-	6,506
\$	933 \$	- \$	10,911,323

# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2011

	-	County Of County Recorder	County Sheriff	Agricultural Extension Education	County Assessor
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES					
Balances beginning of year	\$_	6,306 \$	32,611 \$	92,529 \$	310,486
Additions:					
Property and other County tax		_	_	99,855	243,108
State tax credits		_	_	3,540	8,666
Office fees and collections		147,032	218,099	-	_
Auto license, use tax, drivers license		•	•		
and postage		_	_	_	-
Trusts		_	187,101	_	_
Assessments		_	-	_	_
Miscellaneous		-	_	_	3,692
Total additions	_	147,032	405,200	103,395	255,466
Deductions:					
Agency remittances:					
To other funds		71,527	224,811	_	_
To other governments		73,838	3,544	93,352	191,591
Trusts paid out		_	196,543	, -	· -
Total deductions	_	145,365	424,898	93,352	191,591
Balances end of year	\$	7,973 \$	12,913 \$	102,572 \$	374,361

_	Schools	Area Schools	Corporations	Townships	City and Water Special Assessments	County Hospital	Brucellosis and Tuberculosis Eradication
\$_	4,672,991 \$	216,925 \$	3,912,199 \$	136,252	S12,344_\$_	1,054,965 \$	1,025
	5,160,206 177,788	261,497 8,289	3,235,090 84,223	141,399 5,875	- - -	977,009 40,324	1,020 40 -
	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - 5,603	- - -	- - -
-	5,337,994	269,786	3,319,313	147,274	5,603	1,017,333	1,060
	4,715,057	218,666	3,843,639	140,271	15,598	1,064,007	1,056
_	4,715,057	218,666	3,843,639	140,271	15,598	1,064,007	1,056
\$_	5,295,928 \$	268,045 \$	3,387,873 \$	143,255	5\$_	1,008,291 \$	1,029

# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2011

	_	Auto License and Use Tax	Advance Tax	Tax Sale Redemption	Emergency Management
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES					
Balances beginning of year	\$_	163,774 \$_	110,334 \$	22,461 \$	14,694
Additions:					
Property and other County tax		-	-	-	_
State tax credits		-	-	-	-
Office fees and collections		-	-	-	-
Auto license, use tax, drivers license					
and postage		2,140,994	_	-	-
Trusts		-	115,558	185,536	-
Assessments		-	_	-	-
Miscellaneous	_	-	-	-	54,226
Total additions	-	2,140,994	115,558	185,536	54,226
Deductions:					
Agency remittances:					
To other funds		89,273	-	-	_
To other governments		2,046,697	-	-	56,700
Trusts paid out	_	-	118,277	190,829	<u>-</u>
Total deductions	-	2,135,970	118,277	190,829	56,700
Balances end of year	\$_	168,798 \$	107,615 \$	17,168	12,220

County Recorder's Electronic Transaction Fee	Homemakers Health Payroll	Total
\$ 1,088 \$	(53,847) \$	10,707,137
- - 5,502	- - -	10,119,184 328,745 370,633
-	-	2,140,994 488,195
- - -	- 53,847	5,603 111,765
5,502	53,847	13,565,119
-	-	385,611
5,657	-	12,469,673 505,649
5,657		13,360,933
\$ 933 \$	\$	10,911,323

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES BY SOURCE AND EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION

# ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE LAST SEVEN YEARS

	Modified Accrual Basis Years Ended June 30,							
	_	2011		2010		2009		2008
Revenues:								
Property and other County tax	\$	4,043,156	\$	3,764,427	\$	3,459,732	\$	3,560,557
Interest and penalty on property tax		50,237		56,151		48,568		40,112
Intergovernmental		3,469,211		3,299,875		4,379,483		3,798,207
Licenses and permits		8,125		10,160		10,980		10,650
Charges for service		273,915		312,757		267,554		260,905
Use of money and property		40,524		41,009		69,711		143,553
Miscellaneous	_	543,635		440,911		274,302		369,071
Total	\$_	8,428,803	\$_	7,925,290	\$ .	8,510,330	\$_	8,183,055
Expenditures:								
Operating:								
Public safety and legal services	\$	1,496,550	\$	1,741,935	\$	1,557,140	\$	1,440,885
Physical health and social services		987,117		1,055,582		1,006,047		1,005,010
Mental health		1,057,201		938,643		1,021,859		1,140,658
County environment and education		226,106		255,954		276,902		261,894
Roads and transportation		2,544,789		2,482,289		3,480,704		2,967,938
Government services to residents		379,080		360,455		350,826		334,031
Administration		850,472		815,736		756,184		762,990
Debt service		208,579		272,849		836,251		3,004,237
Capital projects	_	792,253		63,952		908,928		938,234
Total	\$_	8,542,147	\$_	7,987,395	\$.	10,194,841	\$_	11,855,877

2007		2006		2005
\$ 4,197,991	\$	3,728,172	\$	3,843,161
36,111		37,986		45,088
3,345,660		3,031,600		3,133,909
9,235		8,890		11,835
262,821		268,264		229,834
285,982		192,814		115,778
254,497		323,628		307,346
\$ 8,392,297	\$_	7,591,354	\$_	7,686,951
\$ 1,457,547	\$	1,369,187	\$	1,308,070
919,485		897,918		847,740
1,032,628		1,021,097		891,323
250,582		248,329		230,743
2,224,277		2,149,188		2,452,539
304,375		388,646		312,804
697,713		729,359		671,734
528,691		543,682		688,377
383,320		123,988		744,897
\$ 7,798,618	\$	7,471,394	\$	8,148,227

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

#### To the Officials of Clarke County:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Clarke County, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents and have issued our report thereon March 23, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

# Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Clarke County's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Clarke County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Clarke County's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and, therefore, there can be no assurance all deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of the control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in Part I of the accompanying Schedule of Findings as items I-A-11 and I-B-11 to be significant deficiencies.

### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Clarke County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, and contracts, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of non-compliance or other matters that are described in Part II of the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about Clarke County's operations for the year ended June 30, 2011 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the County. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

Clarke County's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. While we have expressed our conclusions on the County's responses, we did not audit Clarke County's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report, a public record by law, is intended solely for the information and use of the officials, employees and citizens of Clarke County and other parties to whom Clarke County may report, including federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. This report is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of Clarke County during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

Oskaloosa, Iowa March 23, 2012

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

Year Ended June 30, 2011

### Part I: Findings Related to the Basic Financial Statements:

# **INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:**

No matters were reported.

#### INTERNAL CONTROL DEFICIENCIES:

### I-A-11 Segregation of Duties

Comment – During our review of the internal control structure, the existing procedures are evaluated in order to determine that incompatible duties, from a control standpoint, are not performed by the same employee. This segregation of duties helps to prevent losses from employee error or dishonesty and therefore maximizes the accuracy of the County's financial statements. We noted that generally one or two individuals in the offices identified may have control over the following areas for which no compensating controls exist:

	Applicable Offices
(1) All incoming mail should be opened by an employee who is not authorize to make entries to the accounting records. This employee should prepare a listing of cash and checks received. The mail should then be forwarded to the accounting personnel for processing. Later, the same listing should be compared to the cash receipt records.	Recorder, Sheriff
(2) Bank accounts should be reconciled promptly at the end of each month by an individual who does not sign checks or handle or record cash.	Ag Extension, Recorder, Sheriff
(3) Checks should be signed by an individual who does not otherwise participate in the preparation of the checks. Prior to signing, the checks and the supporting documentation should be reviewed for propriety.	Recorder
(4) After signing, the checks should be mailed without allowing them to return to individuals who prepare the checks or approve vouchers for payment.	Auditor, Ag Extension, Sheriff

Recommendation — We realize that with a limited number of office employees, segregation of duties is difficult. However, each official should review the control procedures of their office to obtain the maximum internal control possible under the circumstances. The official should utilize current personnel to provide additional control through review of financial transactions, reconciliations and reports. Such reviews should be performed by independent persons to the extent possible, and should be evidenced by the initials or signature of the reviewer and the date of the review.

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

Year Ended June 30, 2011

#### Part I: Findings Related to the Basic Financial Statements (continued):

### INTERNAL CONTROL DEFICIENCIES (continued):

I-A-11 Segregation of Duties (continued)

Responses -

Ag Extension – We will review procedures and try to make any necessary changes to improve internal control.

County Auditor – The Auditor is currently evaluating the disbursement transactions and documenting each review on the applicable disbursement records. Two individuals in most instances are now jointly involved in the check preparation, signing, and mailing process.

County Recorder - We have established a set of checks and balances to review each individual's work in the office, which gives us the maximum internal control possible using the limited number of office employees we have.

County Sheriff – We will review procedures and try to make any necessary changes to improve internal control.

Conclusion - Responses accepted.

I-B-11 Check Written and Held – We noted in our testing of checks outstanding at year end that a check for \$4,430 was written on June 29, 2011 but had not been redeemed timely. Upon inquiry regarding the delay in redemption, we noted that the warrant had not been released to the vendor until August 2011 when the vehicle being purchased was received.

Recommendation – Writing and holding checks bypasses the budgeting process, removes controls over the underlying assets and misstates the financial position of the County at any given time any checks are written and held. The County should avoid the practice by developing guidelines for disbursements that prevent writing and holding checks. If necessary, the budget should be amended to allow a disbursement to be made in the proper fiscal year.

Response – We will try to avoid this practice in the future. We will develop practices and procedures which ban the writing and holding of checks.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

#### Year Ended June 30, 2011

#### Part II: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting:

II-A-11 Certified Budget – Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2011 exceeded the amount budgeted in the debt service function. Disbursements did not exceed the amounts appropriated in any County department.

Recommendation – The budget should have been amended in accordance with Chapter 331.435 of the Code of Iowa before disbursements were allowed to exceed the budget.

Response – We will amend the budget when required in the future before the budget is exceeded. This was due to an increase in the debt service fiscal agent fees and the capital loan note issuance costs.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

- II-B-11 Questionable Expenditures No expenditures were noted that may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979.
- II-C-11 Travel Expense No expenditures of County money for travel expenses of spouses of County officials or employees were noted.
- II-D-11 Business Transactions No business transactions between the County and County officials or employees were noted.
- II-E-11 Bond Coverage Surety bond coverage of County officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of all bonds should be reviewed periodically to insure that the coverage remains adequate for current operations.
- II-F-11 Board Minutes No transactions were found that we believe should have been approved in the Board minutes but were not.
- II-G-11 Deposits and Investments No instances of non-compliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa and the County's investment policy were noted.
- II-H-11 Resource Enhancement and Protection Certification The County properly dedicated property tax revenue to conservation purposes as required by Chapter 455A.19(1)(b) of the Code of Iowa in order to receive the additional REAP funds allocated in accordance with subsections (b)(2) and (b)(3).
- II-I-11 County Extension Office The County Extension Office is operated under the authority of Chapter 176A of the Code of Iowa and serves as an agency of the State of Iowa. This fund is administered by an Extension Council separate and distinct from County operations and, consequently, is not included in Exhibits A or B.
  - Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2011 for the County Extension Office did not exceed the amount budgeted.
- II-J-11 Debt Service Payments We noted that the payments of principal and interest for the County's promissory note, capital lease purchase agreements and one of the capital loan notes were made through the roads and transportation and capital projects functions rather than the debt service function.

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

Year Ended June 30, 2011

#### Part II: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting (continued):

II-J-11 Debt Service Payments (continued)

Recommendation – All payments on long-term debt such as promissory notes, capital loan notes, and capital lease purchase agreements should be budgeted and paid through the debt service function of the County to more properly reflect the true functional expenditures totals.

Response – We will properly make all debt service payments through the debt service function in the future.

Conclusion – Response accepted.

II-K-11 Homemakers Health Payroll – The County previously had entered into an agreement with the Clarke County Home Care Aide Service, Inc. (Home Care) to provide payroll services. Home Care was to reimburse the County for the payroll expenses, which were recorded in an Agency Fund of the County. At June 30, 2011, Home Care owed the County \$53,847 for payroll expenses. Home Care closed and merged into the County's Public Health department in March 2010.

Recommendation – The County should develop a plan to eliminate the deficit in this fund.

Response – We have approved a ten year plan to eliminate the deficit from this fund.

Conclusion - Response accepted.